

Checklists

APPENDIX C

Checklist: Will a Local Land Use Decision or Regulation be Overturned?

- | YES | NO | |
|-------|-------|---|
| _____ | ----- | 1. Legal Ordinance. Was the decision supported by an ordinance that was legally adopted and complied with in every respect according to the mandates of the state enabling statutes? |
| _____ | _____ | 2. Public Meeting. Was the decision made in a meeting by a public body? If no, skip to question 6. |
| _____ | ----- | 3. Due Process. If the answer to 2 is yes, was notice of the meeting where the decision was made provided as required by law? If a hearing was required, were the parties and public given the right to present relevant evidence? |
| _____ | ----- | 4. Procedure in Compliance. If the answer to 2 is yes, was the meeting conducted in complete compliance with all mandatory provisions of local and state law? |
| _____ | ----- | 5. Open and Public Meeting. If the answer to 2 is yes, was the meeting duly noticed with an agenda published twenty- four hours beforehand and posted as required by state statute? Was the decision made in public if quasi-judicial deliberations were conducted in private? |
| _____ | ----- | 6. Application in Compliance. If no dashed line is checked above, was the application for the land use approval completed by the applicant as required? |

- | YES | NO | |
|-------|-------|--|
| _____ | ----- | 7a. Sufficient Evidence—Administrative Actions. If the decision is one administering local land use laws, do the minutes of the meeting or other record show that the person or entity making the decision provided substantial evidence to support the decision and that the decision-maker entered appropriate findings of fact and conclusions of law to support the decision? |
| OR | | |
| _____ | ----- | 7b. Public Good—Legislative Actions. If the decision was made by an elected body in its legislative capacity, is it reasonably debatable that the decision advances the general welfare? |
| _____ | ----- | 8. Interpretation of Ordinance. Is the decision in harmony with the clear provisions of applicable ordinances and regulations? Were any ambiguities limiting the uses of property construed strictly and those permitting property uses construed liberally in favor of the property owner? |
| ----- | _____ | 9. Fundamental Property Right. Does the decision illegally interfere with some other fundamental property right (such as reasonable access; air, light, and view; right to freely sell property; right to exclude others; etc.)? |
| ----- | _____ | 10. Vested Rights. Does the decision interfere with a vested property right as identified and protected by state law (such as a legally vested building permit, preliminary site plan or subdivision approval, non-conforming use, right to be considered under rules in place when a complete application was submitted, business license, etc.)? |
| ----- | _____ | 11. Denial of All Use. Does the decision eliminate all economic use and value in the property? |

- | YES | NO | |
|-------|-------|---|
| ----- | _____ | 12. Undue Burdens. When balancing the nature of the public interest, the property owner's reasonable investment-backed expectations, and the burdens on the property owner, is the effect of the ordinance grossly unfair? |
| ----- | _____ | 13. Illegal Exactions. Does the decision impose an illegal condition or exaction on development or permitting? (See separate exactions checklist.) |
| ----- | _____ | 14. Other Constitutional Rights. Does the decision illegally interfere with some other Constitutional right (such as freedom of speech [sexually oriented businesses or some signs], freedom of religion, freedom of assembly, etc.)? |
| ----- | _____ | 15. Equal Protection. Does the decision treat one property owner differently from other property owners that are similarly situated without any debatable justification for treating them differently and for a reason that is obviously discriminatory such as racial animus? |

If no dashed line is checked above, the land use decision is probably legal. If a dashed line is checked above, proceed with the rest of this checklist.

- | YES | NO | |
|-------|-------|--|
| ----- | _____ | 16a. Variance and Local Appeals. If the decision is administrative, have the locally defined variance and appeals procedures been timely pursued? |
| OR | | |
| ----- | _____ | 16b. Ruling. If so, did the appeal authority ruled against your position? |
| ----- | _____ | 17. Standing. Has the decision prejudiced the legal position of the person challenging the decision or otherwise harmed the complaining party in some manner where they have standing to bring an action? |

----- _____ 18a. **Arbitration.** If any dashed line was checked, was a request for arbitration filed with the property rights ombudsman within thirty days of the decision of the appeal authority or legislative body?

OR

----- _____ 18b. **Legal Action.** If any dashed line was checked, was a complaint or petition for review filed in the district court within thirty days of the decision by the local appeal authority or the legislative body?

If the dashed lines on questions 16 and 17 and either 18a or 18b have been checked, a viable issue of legality may exist and has probably been preserved for review. Legal action or arbitration may result in overturning the land use decision or regulation.